Construction of water filter house in railway colony, Tinsukia

1734. SHRI PRITHIBI MAJHI: Will the Minister of RAILWAYS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a water filter house has been constructed in Railway Colony, Tinsukia by incurring considerable expenditure, if so, the details thereof;

(b) whether the water filter house is in operation; and

(c) if not, what are the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (SHRI MADHAVRAO SCINDIA): (a) A water filter house has been constructed in Railway Colony, Tinsukia at a cost of Rs. 31.54 lakhs.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

Assault on the Doctor by the SDM in Lok Nayak Jayaprakash Narayan Hospital, New Delhi

1735. SHRI VIRENDRA VERMA:
SHRI SHARAD YADAV:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the news item appearing in Hindustan Times dated the 18th March, 1987 regarding assault on a doctor in Lok Nayak Jayaprakash Narayan Hospital by SDM Delhi on his refusal to accept bribe to change the dying declaration of a fatally burnt house-wife; and

(b) if so, what action has been taken by the Government in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI P. V. NARASIMHA RAO): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Lt. Governor has ordered an Administrative Enquiry into the circumstances that led to the incident.

Medical Sub-Centres in the Rural Areas

1736. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of medical sub-centres opened by Government in rural areas during the Seventh Five Year Plan State-wise;

(b) the details of other steps taken by Government for extending medical facilities to these areas; and

(c) whether medical facilities include only allopathic system or other systems of medicine also?

THE MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT AND THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI P. V. NARASIMHA RAO): (a) 14691 Sub-centres have been established during the first two years of 7th Plan. The State-wise details are given in the enclosed Statement. (*See* below).

(b) The following steps have been initiated to extend the medical facilities in rural areas:

1. A Scheme for providing one health guide for an average of 1000 rural population/village.

2. A scheme for providing at least one trained Dai in every village.

3. It is envisaged to establish one Sub-centre for every 5000 population in plain areas and for 3000 population in hilly and tribal areas which is manned by one male and one female health worker.

4. A scheme for upgrading existing rural dispensaries into Primary Health Centres and establishing new Primary Health Centres so as to ultimately have one Primary Health Centre for every 30,000 rural popu-

lation in general and for every 20,000 population in tribal and hilly areas.

5. Creating facilities for treatment in 4 basic specialities at upgraded PHCs/Community Health Centres with 30 beds to be established in a phased manner for every one lakh rural population, serving as a referral institution for every four PHCs.

6. Making other schemes for integrated health services covering among other things, maternal and child health, immunization, family welfare services, control of malaria, blindness, tuberculosis, leprosy and other communicable diseases, prophylaxis against Vitamin 'A' deficiency and anaemia, health education and patient care.

(c) Medical facilities provided by the government include not only allopathic system but other systems of medicine also.

Statement

Number of sub-centres opened in rural areas during first two years of VII Plan i.e. 1985-86 & 1986-87

Sl. No.	State/U.T.	No. of Sub-centres opened*
1	Andhra Pradesh	845
2	Assam	912
3	Bihar	545
4	Gujarat	600
5	Haryana	308
6	Himachal Pradesh	15
7	J. & K.	159
8	Karnataka	250
9	Kerala	1104
10	Madhya Pradesh	730
11	Maharashtra	2520
12	Manipur	42
13	Meghalaya	56
14	Nagaland	63
15	Orissa	199
16	Punjab	100
17	Rajasthan	1002
18	Sikkim	11

1	2	3
19	Tamil Nadu	1340
20	Tripura	34
21	Uttar Pradesh	2500
22	West Bengal	1312
23	A. & N. Islands	12
24	Arunachal Pradesh	..
25	Chandigarh	..
26	D. & N. Haveli	4
27	Delhi	..
28	Goa, Daman & Diu	4
29	Lakshadweep	2
30	Mizoram	22
31	Pondicherry	
	TOTAL	14691

(* Figures are provisional)

Production of digital telephone exchanges

1737. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) what has been the progress in the manufacture of digital telephone exchanges, digital transit exchanges, digital long distance transmission equipment and digital junction equipment till March, 1987;

(b) whether the factories for the manufacture of digital junction equipment and digital long distance transmission equipment have started functioning;

(c) if not, by when these factories will start functioning; and

(d) what has been the total production of all these items till March, 1987?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI SANTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) to (d)

1. Digital Switching Equipment:

(i) *Local telephone exchanges*:

A factory for production of the larger size digital electronic local telephone exchanges is being set up by Indian Telephone Industries at Mankapur, Distt. Gonda, U.P., in collaboration with M/s. Alcatel of France. The factory will have an annual capacity of 500,000 lines.

The factory produced 28,000 lines of telephone exchange equipment during 1985-86 from SKD components and 1.2 lakh lines during 1986-87 from SKD/CKD components. The factory is expected to reach the full capacity during 1989-90.

(ii) *Transit exchanges*:

Indian Telephone Industries (I.T.I.) is setting up another factory to pro-